

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
JACKSON DIVISION**

GEORGE MCGHEE, JR., #74919

PLAINTIFF

VERSUS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:06-cv-560-DPJ-JCS

TIM PERKINS, et al.

DEFENDANTS

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER
DISMISSING THE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT

The Plaintiff, an inmate of the Mississippi Department of Corrections (MDOC), currently incarcerated in the East Mississippi Correctional Facility, Meridian, Mississippi, filed this complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and requested *in forma pauperis* status. On February 6, 2007, an order [5] was entered denying the Plaintiff's request to proceed *in forma pauperis* pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g),¹ commonly referred to as the "three-strikes" provision. The order directed the Plaintiff to pay the full filing fee of \$350.00, within thirty days. The Plaintiff was warned in this order that his failure to timely comply with the requirements of the order would result in the dismissal of his complaint. The Plaintiff failed to comply with this order.

On April 3, 2007, an order [7] was entered directing the Plaintiff to show cause, within ten days, why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to comply with the Court's

¹ "In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury."

February 6, 2007 order. In addition, the Plaintiff was directed to comply with the February 6, 2007 order by paying the required filing fee, within ten days. The Plaintiff was warned in the show cause order that failure to timely comply with the requirements of the order would lead to the dismissal of his complaint, without further notice. Although the Plaintiff filed a written response [8] on April 11, 2007, stating that he does not have \$350.00, he has not complied with the Court's order.

The Plaintiff has failed to comply with two Court orders. This Court has the authority to dismiss an action for the Plaintiff's failure to prosecute under Rule 41(b) of the FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE and under its inherent authority to dismiss the action *sua sponte*. See *Link v. Wabash Railroad*, 370 U.S. 626 (1962); *Larson v. Scott*, 157 F.3d 1030 (5th Cir.1998); *McCullough v. Lynaugh*, 835 F.2d 1126 (5th Cir. 1988). The Court must be able to clear its calendars of cases that remain dormant because of the inaction or dilatoriness of the parties seeking relief, so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases. *Link*, 370 U.S. at 630. Such a "sanction is necessary in order to prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases and to avoid congestion in the calendars" of the Court. *Id.* at 629-30.

The Court concludes that dismissal of this action for Plaintiff's failure to prosecute under Rule 41(b) of the FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE is proper. Since the Defendants have never been called upon to respond to the Plaintiff's pleading and since the Court has never considered the merits of Plaintiff's claims, the Court's order of dismissal will

provide that dismissal is without prejudice. *See Munday/Elkins Automotive Partners, LTD. v. Smith*, No. 05-31009, 2006 WL 2852389, at *2 (5th Cir. Oct. 2, 2006).

A Final Judgment in accordance with this Memorandum Opinion and Order will be entered.

SO ORDERED AND ADJUDGED this the 17th day of April, 2007.

s/ Daniel P. Jordan III
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE